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Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking.

1.1. Product identifier.

Code: VE4090

Product name. POLICARVER/10

Chemical name and synonym. Alkyd resin solution in aliphatic solvent

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Intended use. Single-component paint product.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Name. CARVER S.r.I. Unipersonale Full address. Via Papa Giovanni XXIII, 36

District and Country. 20090 Rodano (MI)

Italy

Tel. +39 (0)2 9500171 Fax. +39 (0)2 95320921

e-mail address of the competent person.

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet. sds@carver.it

Product distribution by: www.carver.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number.

For urgent inquiries refer to. IRELAND:

National Poisons Information Centre

DUBLIN

01 8092566 or 018379964

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:





Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. **H336** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



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.../>> SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

> **EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P210

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Contains: Hydrocarbons C9-C11

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

One-pack performance coatings.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition :

Limit value: 500,00 (2010) VOC of product: 485,00

2.3. Other hazards.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USE. DANGER OF COMBUSTION. Rags and other porous materials soaked with this product could generate self-combustion phenomena, even delayed in time, due to self-oxidation: all contaminated materials must be immersed in water and kept in an airtight metal container.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. x = Conc. %. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

Hydrocarbons C9-C11

CAS. $50 \le x < 100$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC. 919-857-5

INDEX.

Reg. no. 01-2119463258-33

Alkyd resin

 $25 \le x < 50$ CAS.

EC. INDEX.

Additives $1 \le x < 2$

CAS.

EC. INDEX.

CALCIUM BIS 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE

CAS. 136-51-6 Repr. 2 H361d, Eye Dam. 1 H318 $0 \le x < 0.5$

EC. 205-249-0

INDEX.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336 CAS. 107-98-2 $0 \le x < 0.5$

EC. 203-539-1 INDEX. 603-064-00-3 Reg. no. 01-2119457435-35

2,6-di-terz-butyl-p-cresol (hydroxytoluene butylate)

CAS. 128-37-0 $0 \le x < 0.5$ Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC. 204-881-4

INDEX.

Reg. no. 01-2119565113-46

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

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SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.



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SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

DEU	Deutschland	MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012
ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
GRC	Ελλάδα	ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ -ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 19 - 9 Φεβρουαρίου 2012
HRV	Hrvatska	NN13/09 - Ministarstvo gospodarstva, rada i poduzetništva
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values, AF 2011:18
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 16 grudnia 2011r
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de protecção
		dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes
		químicos no trabalho - Diaro da Republica I 26; 2012-02-06
SVK	Slovensko	NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 20. júna 2007
EU	OEL EU	Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2016

				Hydrocarl	bons C9-C11				
Threshold Limit V	alue.								
Type	Country	untry TWA/8h		STEL/15min					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV-ACGIH		1200	197						
Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL									
	Effect	s on cons	umers.			Effects on workers			
Route of exposi	ure Acute local		ute temic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chroni c local	Chronic systemic
Oral.	VND	125	5		125 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation.	VND	900)		185 mg/m3	VND	871		871 mg/m3
Skin.	VND	125	5		125 mg/kg/d	VND	208		208 mg/kg/d



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection. .../>>

				1-METHOXY	-2-PROPA	NOL
Threshold Limit \	/alue.					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	370	100	740	200	
MAK	DEU	370	100	740	200	
VLA	ESP	375	100	568	150	SKIN.
VLEP	FRA	188	50	375	10	SKIN.
WEL	GBR	375	100	560	150	SKIN.
TLV	GRC	360	100	1080	300	
GVI	HRV	375	100	568	150	SKIN.
VLEP	ITA	375	100	568	150	SKIN.
OEL	NLD	375		563		SKIN.
NDS	POL	180		360		
VLE	PRT	375	100	568	150	
NPHV	SVK	375	100	568		SKIN.
OEL	EU	375	100	568	150	SKIN.
TLV-ACGIH		184	50	368	100	

2,6-di-terz-butyl-p-cresol (hydroxytoluene butylate)								
Threshold Limit Value.								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
OEL	EU	2						

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available; NEA = no exposure expected; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance liquid
Colour dark brown
Odour characteristic, soft
Odour threshold. Not available.



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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties. .../>>

Not available. Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. Not available. Not available. Boiling range. Flash point. °C. **Evaporation Rate** Not available. Flammability of solids and gases not applicable Lower inflammability limit. Not available. Not available. Upper inflammability limit. Lower explosive limit. Not available. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Vapour pressure. Not available. Vapour density Not available.

Relative density. 0,88

Solubility soluble in white spirits

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature. Not available.

Decomposition temperature. Not available.

Viscosity >20,5 mm2/sec (40°C)

Explosive properties Not available. Oxidising properties Not available.

9.2. Other information. Information not available.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Dissolves various plastic materials. Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

Absorbs and disolves in water and in organic solvents. With air it may slowly form explosive peroxides.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Avoid exposure to: air.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

The main way of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory way is less important owing to the low vapour tension of the product. Concentrations above 100 ppm cause eye irritation, nose and oropharynx. At 1000 ppm disturbance in the equilibrium and severe eye irritation is observed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and ocular irritation on direct contact. No chronic effects have been reported in man.

ACUTE TOXICITY.

LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture:

LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture:

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component).

Not classified (no significant component).

Not classified (no significant component).

Hydrocarbons C9-C11

 LD50 (Oral).
 > 5000 mg/kg

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 > 4951 mg/m3 Rat

2,6-di-terz-butyl-p-cresol (hydroxytoluene butylate)

LD50 (Dermal). > 5000 mg/kg Rat

CALCIUM BIS 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE

 LD50 (Oral).
 2043 mg/kg Rat - Fischer 344

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 2000 mg/kg Rat - Wistar

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

 LD50 (Oral).
 5300 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 13000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 54,6 mg/l/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

CARCINOGENICITY.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

ASPIRATION HAZARD.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.



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SECTION 12. Ecological information.

12.1. Toxicity.

Hydrocarbons C9-C11

LC50 - for Fish. > 1000 mg/l/96h Oncorhyncus mykiss (fish)

EC50 - for Crustacea. 1000 mg/l/48h Daphnia Magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. > 1000 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

CALCIUM BIS 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE

LC50 - for Fish. > 100 mg/l/96h Oryzias latipes EC50 - for Crustacea. 910 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 49,3 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Hydrocarbons C9-C11

Rapidly biodegradable. 80% (test 28 giorni)

CALCIUM BIS 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE

Solubility in water. > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly biodegradable.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Solubility in water. 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

CALCIUM BIS 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. 2,96

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. < 1

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Rags, plastic and other porous materials soaked with this product could generate self-combustion phenomena, even delayed in time, due to self-oxidation: all contaminated materials must be immersed in water and kept in an airtight metal container.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.



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Packaging instructions: 366

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IMDG: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IATA: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user.

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special Provision: IMDG: EMS: F-E. S-E

IMDG:EMS: F-E, S-ELimited Quantities: 5 LIATA:Cargo:Maximum quantity: 220 L

Pass.: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355

Special Instructions: A3, A72, A192

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.
Point.

3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None.



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information. />>

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

One-pack performance coatings.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1
Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value



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SECTION 16. Other information. .../>

- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 06 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.