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Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: VE3721 Product name MATT

Chemical name and synonym Isocyanic resin solution in aliphatic ester

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Dual-component paint product (HARDENER).

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name CARVER S.r.I. Unipersonale Full address Via Papa Giovanni XXIII, 36

District and Country 20090 Rodano (MI)

Italy

Tel. +39 (0)2 9500171 Fax +39 (0)2 95320921

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet sds@carver.it

Product distribution by www.carver.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Centro Antiveleni Niguarda (MILANO)

tel. +39 (0)2 66101029

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 2
Eye irritation, category 2
H319
H317
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category
H325
Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:





Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification. .../>>

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. **EUH204** Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

Contains: AROMATIC POLYURETHANE POLYMER

AROMATIC ISOCYANURATE

ETHYL ACETATE N-BUTYL ACETATE

2.3. Other hazards.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. Conc. %. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

N-BUTYL ACETATE

CAS. 123-86-4 50 - 60 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC. 204-658-1 INDEX. 607-025-00-1 Reg. no. 01-2119485493-29

AROMATIC POLYURETHANE POLYMER

CAS. 53317-61-6 21 - 27 Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Sens. 1 H317

EC. 500-120-8

INDEX.

AROMATIC ISOCYANURATE

CAS. 26006-20-2 10 - 16 Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Sens. 1 H317

EC. 607-844-4

INDEX.

ETHYL ACETATE

CAS. 141-78-6 5 - 8 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC. 205-500-4 INDEX. 607-022-00-5 Reg. no. 01-2119475103-46

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

DEU Deutschland MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012

ESP España INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015

FRA France JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102

GRB United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits

GRC Ελλάδα ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ -ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 19 - 9 Φεβρουαρίου 2012

HRV Hrvatska NN13/09 - Ministarstvo gospodarstva, rada i poduzetništva

NLD Nederland Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values, AF 2011:18
POL Polska ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 16 grudnia 2011r

SVK Slovensko NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 20. júna 2007

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2014

				N-BUTYL	ACETATE			
Threshold Limit V	alue.							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	STEL/15min			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
MAK	DEU	480	100	960	200			
VLA	ESP	724	150	965	200			
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200			
WEL	GRB	724	150	966	200			
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200			
GVI	HRV	724	150	966	200			
OEL	NLD	150						
NDS	POL	200		950				
NPHV	SVK	480	100	960				
TLV-ACGIH		713	150	950	200			

				ETHYL.	ACETATE				
Threshold Limit V	alue.								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	STEL/15min				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
AGW	DEU	1500	400	3000	800				
MAK	DEU	1500	400	3000	800				
VLA	ESP	1460	400						
VLEP	FRA	1400	400						
WEL	GRB		200		400				
TLV	GRC	1400	400						
GVI	HRV		200		400				
OEL	NLD	550		1100					
NDS	POL	200		600					
NPHV	SVK	1500	400	3000					
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400						

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection. />

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a type AX filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance liquid Colour colourless typical of solvent Odour Odour threshold. Not available. Not available. Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. Not available. Boiling range. Not available. Flash point. 15 °C. **Evaporation Rate** Not available. Not available. Flammability of solids and gases Lower inflammability limit. Not available. Upper inflammability limit. Not available Lower explosive limit. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Not available. Not available. Vapour pressure. Vapour density Not available. Relative density. 1.03 Kg/l

Solubility soluble in main organic solvents

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water & Not available. \\ Auto-ignition temperature. & Not available. \\ Decomposition temperature. & Not available. \\ Viscosity & 12 \pm 2 \sec. F4 \\ Explosive properties & Not available. \\ Oxidising properties & Not available. \\ \end{tabular}$

9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) : 62,50 % - 643,75 g/litre. VOC (volatile carbon) : 38,04 % - 391,77 g/litre.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ETHYL ACETATE: decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: decomposes readily with water, especially when warm.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

ETHYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: metals, alkalis, hydrides oleum can react violently with: fluoride, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulfuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. Can react dangerously with alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity. .../>>

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

ETHYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to light, sources of heat and naked flames. N-BUTYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to moisture, sources of heat and naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

ETHYL ACETATE: acids and bases, strong oxidising agents; aluminium and some plastics, nitrates and chlorosulphuric acid. N-BUTYL ACETATE: water, nitrates, strong oxidising agents, acids and alkalis and potassium tert-butoxide.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

Acute effects: stinging eyes. Symptoms may include: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Upon contact with skin, this product causes sensitization (dermatitis). Dermatitis derives from skin irritation on the areas which repeatedly come into contact with the sensitizing agent. Cutaneous lesions may include: erythemas, edemas, papules, vesicles, pustules, scurvies, ulcerations and exudative phenomena, whose intensity varies according to illness seriousness and affected areas. Erythemas, edemas and exudative phenomena prevail during the acute phase. Scurfy skin, dryness, ulcerations and skin thickening prevail during the chronic phase.

This product contains highly volatile substances, which may cause serious depression of the central nervous system (CNS) and have negative effects, such as drowsiness, dizziness, slow reflexes, narcosis.

This product may have a degreasing action on the skin, producing dryness and chapped skin after repeated exposure.

This product contains isocyanates. Producer's specifications are as follows: Ready-to-use products containing isocyanates may irritate mucosas, particularly those of the respiratory system, and may give rise to hypersensitivity reactions. Vapour or aerosol inhalation may lead to sensitization. Please take all the measures used for all solvent-containing products while manipulating isocyanate-containing products. Avoid vapour and aerosol inhalation. People with allergic or asthmatic precedents or subject to respiratory disorders should not handle products containing isocyanates.

N-BUTYL ACETATE:in humans the substance's vapours cause irritation to the eues and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, there is skin irritation, dermatosis (with driness and flaking of the skin) and keratitis.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Oral).
 > 6400 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

12.1. Toxicity.

ETHYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish. 230 mg/l/96h Pimephales Promelas (fish)

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish. 18 mg/l/96h Fish

EC50 - for Crustacea. 44 mg/l/48h Daphnia Magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

ETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water. > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly biodegradable.



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SECTION 12. Ecological information. .../>>

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water. mg/l 1000 - 10000

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

ETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. 0,68 BCF. 30

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. 2,3 BCF. 15,3

12.4. Mobility in soil.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water. < 3

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IMDG: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IATA: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II



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SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user.

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 33 Limited Quantities: 5 L

Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

IMDG:

IATA:

Special Provision: -

EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Cargo:

Limited Quantities: 5 L Maximum quantity: 60 L

Packaging instructions: 364 Packaging instructions: 353

Pass.:

Maximum quantity: 5 L

Special Instructions:

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point. 3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Two-pack performance coatings.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition :

500,00 (2010) Limit value:

VOC of product: 499,00

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flammable liquid, category 2 Flam. Lig. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3 Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1



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SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

H225Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. **EUH204** Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.



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ECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

SECTION 10. Other information	
This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property. The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own resp health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper use Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.	consibility, comply with the current es.
Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 15 / 16.	